Goat Breeds

You're Welcome

Anglo-Nubian

Origin: England 1850

US Origin: JR Gregg, California 1896

Characteristics:

Color: Any color or markings

Use: All-purpose; meat, milk, & hide

Fact: Regarded as an "aristocratic" looking goat

Fact: High far content in milk

 Advantages: Large size, Lots of flesh, Extended milking season

 Disadvantage: Lower milk production than other breeds



Angora

Origin: Asia Minor between 1571 and 1451
 BC

 US Origin: Dr. James Davis, South Carolina 1849

Characteristics:

Color: White

Use: Wool (Mohair)

 Fact: Mohair has a smoother surface and a very thin, smooth scale compared to wool

 Fact: Both sexes are horned, but males have a spiral to their horns

Advantages: Mohair, Adaptability

 Disadvantage: Susceptibility to external parasites, Prolifacy, Hardiness, High nutritional requirements, Lacks felting properties



Boer

Origin: South Africa 1800's

US Origin: Texas 1993

Characteristics:

Color: White body, with reddish brown head (color varies)

Use: Meat

 Fact: One of the most popular goat breeds in the world

Fact: "Boer" is farmer in Dutch

 Advantages: Fast growth rate, High carcass quality, High disease resistance, Extended breeding season

 Disadvantage: Two to four teats in females (disqualified if have more than two)



La Mancha

US Origin: Eula Frey, Oregon 1930's

Characteristics:

Color: Any color or markings

Use: Milk

Fact: High butterfat content

 Fact: Two types of ears – elf and gopher; length is no more than 2 inches

- Advantages: Dairy temperament,
 Sturdiness, Can produce within a hardship
- Disadvantage: Can have a roman nose which is a birth defect in this breed



Mytonic

- US Origin: Jon Tinsley, Tennessee 1880
- Characteristics:
 - Color: Any color, mostly black and white
 - Use: Meat
 - Fact: When startled, their external muscles freeze for at least 10 seconds causing them to collapse (Defense mechanism)
- Advantages: Easier to care for and maintain, Breeds aseasonally
- Disadvantage: Slightly smaller then other standard goats



Pygmy

- Origin: Africa 18th Century
- US Origin: Rhue Family, California 1959
- Characteristics:
 - Color: Any color or markings
 - Use: Milk or Meat (uncommon),
 Mostly used as companions
 - Fact: Breed continually through out the year
 - Fact: Animals kept as pets usually undergo cesarean's
 - Fact: Originally known as Cameroon
 Dwarf Goats
- Advantages: Produce a large amount of milk compared to size
- Disadvantage: Size, Dystocia

